国际文化交流学院 2007 级对外汉语(甲)班

Institute of art $2007-2008 (\Box)$

2007 grade Chinese as second language (A)

对外汉语教学法 期末试题 (A) Teaching method of Chinese as second language.

final exam (A)

学生姓名

_任课教师:

name			number			teacher		
题号	_		三	四	五.	六	总分	阅卷教师签名
得分								
Questio	n		三	四	五	六	Total	Teacher
Numbe	r		_	24			Total	signature
Score								

得分

Score	

一、填空(1分×20=20分)						
\rightarrow , Fill in the blank (1point×20=20point)						
1、对外汉语教学的英文译名是						
1、the interpretation of 对外汉语教学 is。						
2、对外汉语教学的研究方向包括, ②						
语学习的过程,						
课程和测试。						
2. The Research direction of teaching Chinese to foreigners						
includes:, the process of teaching						
Chinese,,, and teaching material						
course and test.						
3、元末明初针对朝鲜学生学习汉语口语的教材和						
是公认最早的对外汉语教材。						
3. During the transition of Yuan and Ming dynasties, Chinese ora						
teaching material for North Korea students isand						
is recognized as the earliest teaching material for Chinese as second						

language.	is			
4、对外汉语口语课需要培养的口头表达能力包括语音能	8、在对外汉语教学中,总结的方式			
力、、和语用能力。	有			
4. The ability of oral expression that need to cultivate in oral class				
of Chinese as Second Language includes Phonetics,	8. In the process of teaching Chinese to foreigners, the ways to			
and Pragmatics.	summarize is,,			
5、对外汉语教学的基本形式是,处于语言教学中	9、小组活动(任务)法的优点包括			
总体设计、教材编写和成绩测试等四大环节的。	和。			
5. Basic form of teaching Chinese to foreigners is, which lies	9. The advantage of task-based approach includes,			
in the position of in the process of linguist teaching which	and。			
include entire design, material compiled and examination.				
6、汉字教学的任务是帮助学生掌握和的技	得分			
能。				
6. The task of Chinese character teaching is aim to let the student master				
the skills ofand	Score			
7、第二语言教学法的主要流派中的传统法是指,				
其语言学基础是。	二 、简答题 (10 分×3=30 分)			
7. In the main Schools of teaching method in Second Language learning,	\Rightarrow Short answer for questions (10point×3=30point)			
the traditional method is regarded as, and its linguistic basis				

- 1、汉语作为第二语言教学的基本原则。
- 1. Basic principles of teaching Chinese as a Second Language.
- 2、教学艺术高超的对外汉语教师应该具备的素质。
- 2. To be a well-skilled Chinese teacher, what qualities should they have?
- 3、简述功能法(Functional approach)的特点。
- 3. Please tell the features of Functional approach in a short word.

得分

Score

- 三、实践选做题: $(三选二, 15 分 \times 2 = 30 分)$
- \equiv Optional practice questions (**choose two from three**, 15piont $\times 2 = 30$ point)
- 1、运用语音学和语音教学的相关理论,尝试分析并写出如何纠正学生 把去(qù)读成(qù)的语音偏误的具体步骤。
 - 1. Using the relevant theories of Phonetics and sound teaching to analyze

how to Correct linguistic errors that pronounce ${\rm \pm \ (q\,\grave{u})}$ to ${\rm (q}\grave{u})$, please write the concrete steps.

- 2、运用词汇学和词汇教学的相关理论,尝试分析并写出如何教授"一点儿"和"有点儿"的具体步骤。
- 2、Using the relevant theories of Lexicology and lexis teaching to analyze how to teach "一点儿" and "有点儿", please write the concrete steps.
- 3、运用语法学和语法教学的相关理论,尝试分析并写出如何教授"被"字句的具体步骤。
- 3、Using the relevant theories of Pragmatics and grammar teaching to analyze how to teach character "被" Sentence patterns, please write the concrete steps.

得分

Score

四 教案设计(20分)

四、Teaching plans designed (20point)

精读课教案设计(教学对象为已经在中国学习了一个学期的初级汉语水平的外国留学生。课时为100分钟)

Intensive Reading teaching plans designed. (Teaching objects got an elementary level which studied Chinese for one term. Academic hour is 100 minutes.

(情景: 外国留学生约翰再商店买衣服,和营业员对话)

(context: foreign students John buying clothes at shop, he talked with shop assistant.)

营业员: 你看,这件衣服比较长。你试一试,合适不合适?

约翰:长短比较合适,可是这件衣服比刚才那件大,太肥了。

营业员: 你再看这一件,正好是你要的中号,但是这件衣服比那件贵一点。

约翰:长短、大小正合适。这件衣服比那件贵多少?

营业员: 比那件贵80元。

约翰: 比那件贵多了。有没有便宜一点的?

营业员:有,但是颜色没有这件好看。你看,就是这一件!

约翰: 那件比这件便宜多少钱?

营业员:比这件便宜20元。我拿给你看看。

约翰:不用了,那件颜色没有这件深,我不喜欢,我就买这件。

要求:根据上面的课文设计教案(包括教学目的、教学环节和训练重点等)

Requirements: design a teaching plans (include teaching purposes, teaching steps and key trainings and so on)